

## Vector Spaces

$$\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w} \in V$$

$$a, b \in \mathbb{R}$$

2 operations: +, scalar mult  
closed under both  
commutative

$$\vec{0} + \vec{v} = \vec{v}$$

$$\exists! (-\vec{v}): \vec{v} + (-\vec{v}) = \vec{0}$$

$$\text{Compatibility: } (ba)(\vec{v}) = b(a\vec{v})$$

$$\text{Linearity: } a(\vec{v} + \vec{w}) = a\vec{v} + a\vec{w}$$

$$(a+b)\vec{v} = a\vec{v} + b\vec{v}$$

$$\text{Identity: } 0\vec{v} = \vec{0}$$

$$1\vec{v} = \vec{v}$$

Tell me something you know about an inner product.

Notation:  $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}$       $u^T v, u^t v$   
 $\langle u | v \rangle$       $\langle u, v \rangle$   
 $h(\vec{u}, \vec{v})$

---

Properties:  $h: V \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

- bilinear (linear in each dot)
- symmetric  $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = \vec{v} \cdot \vec{u}$
- nondegenerate:  $\vec{v} \cdot \vec{w} = 0 \forall \vec{w} \Rightarrow \vec{v} = \vec{0}$