0. WARMUP (Do not turn this problem in, but see me if you need help.) Determine the (nonzero) components R^{i}_{jkl} of the curvature 2-forms

$$\Omega^i j = \frac{1}{2} R^i{}_{jkl} \, \sigma^k \wedge \sigma^l$$

for the Robertson-Walker geometry, with line element

$$ds^{2} = -dt^{2} + a(t)^{2} \left(\frac{dr^{2}}{1 - kr^{2}} + r^{2} d\theta^{2} + r^{2} \sin^{2} \theta d\phi^{2} \right)$$

with k=-1,0,1 depending on whether the spatial cross-sections are hyperbolic, flat, or spherical, respectively.

1. Using the relationships

$$R_{ij} = R^{m}{}_{imj}$$
$$G^{i}{}_{j} = R^{i}{}_{j} - \frac{1}{2} \delta^{i}{}_{j} R$$

compute the (nonzero) components $G^{i}{}_{j}$ of the $\it Einstein\ tensor$ for the Robertson-Walker geometry.