1. Use Lagrange multipliers to find the maximum and minimum values of $x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x-2 y$ on the disk of radius $\sqrt{8}$ centered at the origin, that is, on the region $\left\{x^{2}+y^{2} \leq 8\right\}$. This is the same problem as last week...
2. Find the points on the curve $x^{2}+x y+y^{2}=3$ which are closest to and furthest from the origin.
