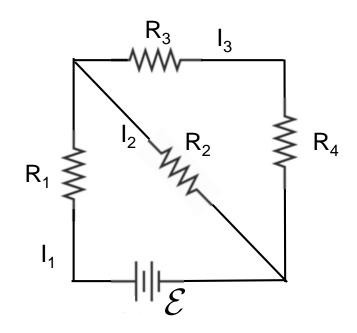
Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$

What is the main plan of attack?



Find the currents in this circuit:

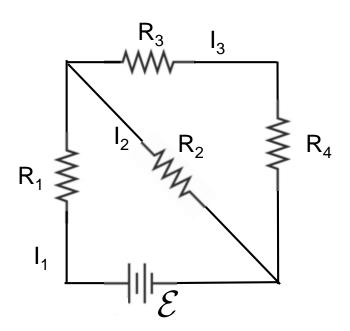
$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$

First find the equivalent resistance to find the current thru the battery

Second, find the voltage drop over R<sub>1</sub> to find the voltage drops across the I<sub>2</sub> and I<sub>3</sub> branches

Then use the resistances on those branches to determine I<sub>2</sub> and I<sub>3</sub>

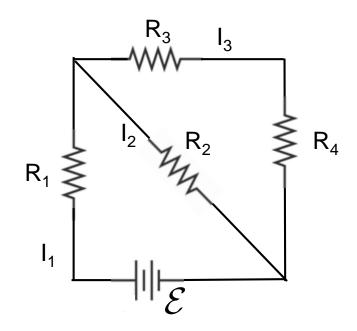
Check, using  $I_1 = I_2 + I_3$ 



Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$

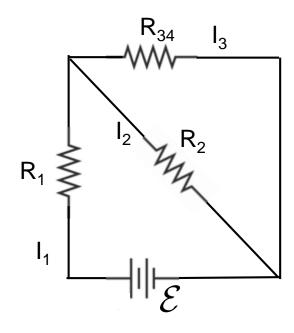
$$R_{34} = R_3 + R_4 = 6\Omega$$



Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$

$$R_{34} = R_3 + R_4 = 6\Omega$$

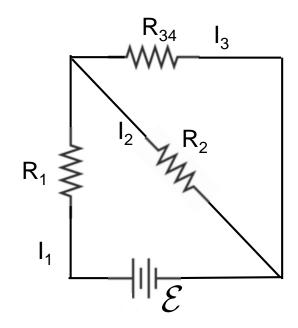


Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$

$$R_{34} = R_3 + R_4 = 6\Omega$$

$$R_{234} = \frac{R_2 R_{34}}{R_2 + R_{34}} = \frac{3 \times 6}{3 + 6}\Omega = 2\Omega$$

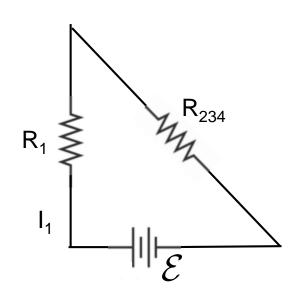


Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$

$$R_{34} = R_3 + R_4 = 6\Omega$$

$$R_{234} = \frac{R_2 R_{34}}{R_2 + R_{34}} = \frac{3 \times 6}{3 + 6}\Omega = 2\Omega$$



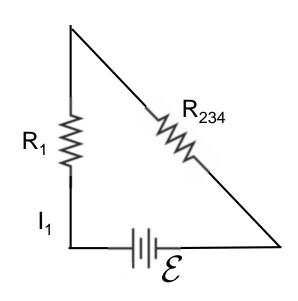
Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E}$$
 = 12 V, R<sub>1</sub> = 2 $\Omega$ , R<sub>2</sub> = 3 $\Omega$ , R<sub>3</sub> = 2 $\Omega$ , R<sub>4</sub> = 4 $\Omega$ 

$$R_{34} = R_3 + R_4 = 6\Omega$$

$$R_{234} = \frac{R_2 R_{34}}{R_2 + R_{34}} = \frac{3 \times 6}{3 + 6} \Omega = 2\Omega$$

$$R_{1234} = 2\Omega + 2\Omega = 4\Omega$$



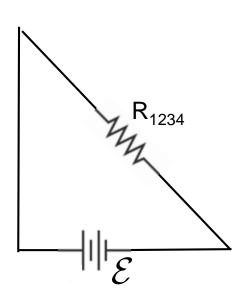
Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$

$$R_{34} = R_3 + R_4 = 6\Omega$$

$$R_{234} = \frac{R_2 R_{34}}{R_2 + R_{34}} = \frac{3 \times 6}{3 + 6} \Omega = 2\Omega$$

$$R_{1234} = 2\Omega + 2\Omega = 4\Omega$$



Find the currents in this circuit:

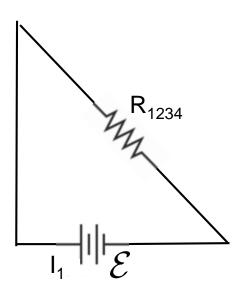
$$\mathcal{E}=12~\text{V, R}_1=2\Omega,~\text{R}_2=3\Omega,~\text{R}_3=2\Omega,~\text{R}_4=4\Omega$$

$$R_{34} = R_3 + R_4 = 6\Omega$$

$$R_{234} = \frac{R_2 R_{34}}{R_2 + R_{34}} = \frac{3 \times 6}{3 + 6} \Omega = 2\Omega$$

$$R_{1234} = 2\Omega + 2\Omega = 4\Omega$$

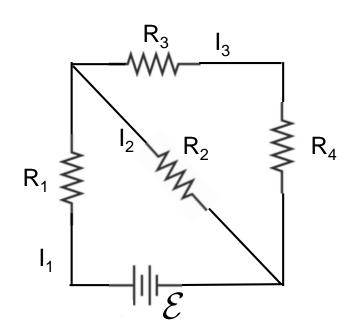
$$I_1 = \frac{12V}{4\Omega} = 3A$$



Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$
  $I_1 = 3A$ 

Now, what is the voltage drop across R<sub>1</sub>?



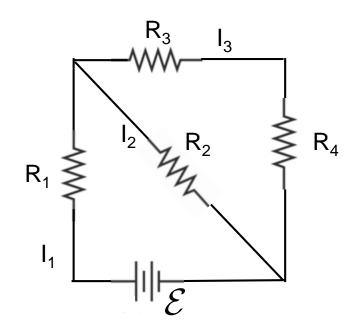
Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$
  $I_1 = 3A$ 

Now, what is the voltage drop across R<sub>1</sub>?

$$\Delta V_1 = I_1 R_1 = 3A \times 2\Omega = 6V$$

So what is the voltage drop across the parallel branches?



Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_1 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_2 = 3\Omega, \text{ R}_3 = 2\Omega, \text{ R}_4 = 4\Omega$$
  $I_1 = 3A$ 

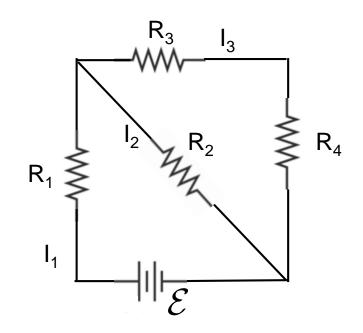
Now, what is the voltage drop across R<sub>1</sub>?

$$\Delta V_1 = I_1 R_1 = 3A \times 2\Omega = 6V$$

So what is the voltage drop across the parallel branches?

$$\Delta V_2 = \Delta V_{34} = 12V - 6V = 6V$$

Now find the other currents



Find the currents in this circuit:

$$\mathcal{E}$$
 = 12 V, R<sub>1</sub> = 2 $\Omega$ , R<sub>2</sub> = 3 $\Omega$ , R<sub>3</sub> = 2 $\Omega$ , R<sub>4</sub> = 4 $\Omega$   $I_1 = 3A$ 

Now, what is the voltage drop across R₁?

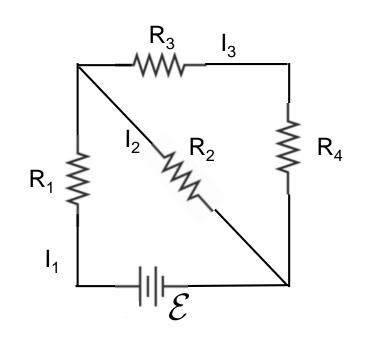
$$\Delta V_1 = I_1 R_1 = 3A \times 2\Omega = 6V$$

So what is the voltage drop across the parallel branches?

$$\Delta V_2 = \Delta V_{34} = 12V - 6V = 6V$$

Now find the other currents

$$I_2 = \frac{6V}{3\Omega} = 2A$$
  $I_3 = \frac{6V}{6\Omega} = 1A$   $I_1 = I_2 + I_3$  checks!



$$I_1 = I_2 + I_3$$
 checks!