HAZELNUT (*Corylus avellana* 'Jefferson')

Bacterial Blight; *Xanthomonas arboricola* pv. *corylina*D. Kroese¹, and N. DiManno¹

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Evaluation of copper-based products for control of bacterial blight on hazelnut, 2020 - 2022.

Bactericide treatments were arranged in a randomized complete block design in hedge rows of multi-stemmed Jefferson hazelnut. Trees were pruned to individual root systems with multiple stems such that trees were at least 1 foot apart. Each treatment consisted of 8 single tree replicates. Fungicides were applied to trees from two directions, until runoff, using a Stihl SG20-Pump-Style backpack sprayer equipped with a brass hollow cone nozzle. Approximately 2 gal of a spray suspension was used per 8 trees within each treatment. Bactericide treatments were applied on 22 Oct 2020. Trees were then inoculated on 16 Nov 2020 with two isolates of Xanthomonas arboricola pv. corylina. Inoculum was prepared using 0.5 g of freeze-dried cells of JL2005 (phylogroup of type strain) and 0.5 g of JL2600 (phylogroup 2) suspended and rehydrated in 1 liter of water for 60 minutes. This suspension and water was then added to a Stihl SG20-Pump-Style backpack sprayer to 10 liters for a final concentration of about 1 x 10⁸ cfu/ml. The cell suspension was applied to treatment trees until bark was visibly damp or wet on a morning with temperatures in the 40s and with 0.09 inches of rain 24 hours after application. Several trees were not inoculated. All trees had already lost leaves. Makaze (3%) was tank mixed with Forfeit 280 (1.7 oz/gal) and applied as a general and/or spot treatment on 15 Jul 2020 and Makaze (3%) alone was applied 6 Mar 2021 for management of weeds. Trees were monitored for symptoms of bacterial blight during the spring of 2021. The number of dead buds/shoots per tree was determined on 17 May 2021. Only 6 replicates were used in the analysis due to interactions with previous applications the prior year.

The exact same trial was conducted on the same set of trees (6 reps only) in 2021. Fungicides were applied to trees using a Stihl SG20-Pump-Style backpack sprayer using approximately 1 gal of a spray suspension per 6 trees within each treatment. Bactericide treatments were applied on 15 Oct 2021 (50% leaf fall). Trees were then inoculated on 8 Nov 2021 (65-75% leaf fall) with the same isolates of *Xanthomonas arboricola* pv. *corylina*. The cell suspension was applied to treatment trees until bark was visibly damp or wet on a morning with temperatures in the high 30s to low 40s and with 0.08 inches of rain 24 hours after application. There were no herbicide applications in 2022 for management of weeds. Trees were monitored for symptoms of bacterial blight during the spring of 2022. The number of dead buds/shoots per tree was determined on 11 May 2022.

There were 4.5 inches of rain from bactericide application to inoculation in the fall of 2020. Rainfall during the dormant season 2020-21 was close to normal but followed by spring weather conditions that were abnormally warm and the second driest on record. Symptoms of bacterial blight started to develop on 7 May 2021 as random dieback of buds and a few shoots. Lowest bacterial blight was found on non-inoculated trees which was significantly lower than all other treatments. None of the copper based bactericides developed significantly less bacterial blight than the inoculated control.

There were 4.74 inches of rain from bactericide application to inoculation in the fall of 2021. Rainfall during the dormant season 2021-22 was 5.4 inches below normal but spring weather conditions were very wet with the second wettest spring on record. Symptoms of bacterial blight started to develop on 2 May 2022 as random dieback of buds and a few shoots. Lowest bacterial blight was found on non-inoculated trees, however, the number of dead shoots on trees treated with Badge X2 or SC was not significantly different. None of the copper based bactericides developed significantly less bacterial blight than the inoculated control.

Treatment and	Dead shoots per tree Y	
Rate/100 gal water	2021	2022
Non-treated and non-inoculated	0.2 c	8.5 c
Non-treated but Inoculated	3.3 ab	45.0 ab
Previsto at 4 qt then Inoculated	4.5 a	50.5 a
Badge X2 at 10.5 lb plus Stylet Oil at 1 pt then Inoculated	3.0 ab	19.0 bc
Badge SC at 10.5 pt plus Stylet Oil at 1 pt then Inoculated	2.7 b	13.2 bc
Kocide 3000 at 10.5 lb plus Stylet Oil at 1 pt then Inoculated	1.7 b	19.5 ab

Analysis of variance is based on log (x+1) transformation of only 6 replicates. Means followed by the same letter do not differ significantly based on Fisher's protected LSD (P=0.05).