

PH 632 Exam Equation Sheet **Winter 2011**

$$\vec{F}_{12}(\vec{x}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} I_1 I_2 \oint_1 \oint_2 \frac{d\vec{\ell}_1 \times (d\vec{\ell}_2 \times \vec{x}_{12})}{|\vec{x}_{12}|^3} = I_1 \oint d\vec{\ell}_1 \times \vec{B}_2$$

$$\vec{B}(\vec{x}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \vec{J}(\vec{x}') \times \frac{(\vec{x} - \vec{x}')}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|^3} d^3x'$$

$$\vec{A}(\vec{x}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{x}')}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|} d^3x' \quad \vec{B} = \nabla \times \vec{A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{H} &= \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{B} - \vec{M} = \frac{1}{\mu} \vec{B} & \vec{J}_M &= \nabla \times \vec{M} & \vec{D} &= \epsilon_0 \vec{E} + \vec{P} = \epsilon \vec{E} \\ \vec{M} &= \chi_m \vec{H} & \vec{K}_M &= \vec{M} \times \hat{n} & \vec{P} &= \epsilon_0 \chi_e \vec{E} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{H} &= -\nabla \Phi_M & \rho_M &= -\nabla \cdot \vec{M} \\ & & \sigma_M &= \vec{M} \cdot \hat{n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Phi_M(\vec{x}) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \frac{\rho_M(\vec{x}')}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|} d^3x' + \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \frac{\sigma_M(\vec{x}')}{|\vec{x} - \vec{x}'|} da'$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\vec{B}_2 - \vec{B}_1) \cdot \hat{n} &= 0 & (\vec{D}_2 - \vec{D}_1) \cdot \hat{n} &= \sigma \\ \hat{n} \times (\vec{H}_2 - \vec{H}_1) &= \vec{K} & \hat{n} \times (\vec{E}_2 - \vec{E}_1) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} (E_{mech} + E_{field}) = - \oint_S \hat{n} \cdot \vec{S} da$$

$$T_{\alpha\beta} = \epsilon_0 \left[E_\alpha E_\beta + c^2 B_\alpha B_\beta - \frac{1}{2} (\vec{E} \cdot \vec{E} + c^2 \vec{B} \cdot \vec{B}) \delta_{\alpha\beta} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} (\vec{P}_{mech} + \vec{P}_{field})_\alpha &= \oint_S \sum_\beta T_{\alpha\beta} n_\beta da \\ \vec{g} &= \frac{1}{c^2} \vec{E} \times \vec{H} & (\nabla^2 + \epsilon \mu \omega^2) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \vec{E} \\ \vec{B} \end{array} \right\} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$G(\tau) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \chi(\omega) e^{-i\omega\tau} d\omega$$

$$\text{Re } \chi(\omega_0) = \frac{2}{\pi} P \int_0^\infty \frac{\omega \text{Im } \chi(\omega)}{\omega^2 - \omega_0^2} d\omega$$

$$\text{Im } \chi(\omega_0) = -\frac{2\omega_0}{\pi} P \int_0^\infty \frac{\text{Re } \chi(\omega)}{\omega^2 - \omega_0^2} d\omega$$