

## COULOMB SOLVES LAPLACE

LCL 11-7 More solutions of Laplace's equation

a.  $\nabla^2(1/r) = 0$ :

work in either cartesian or spherical coordinates.

$$\text{cartesian: } \nabla^2(1/r) = \left( \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \right) (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2} &= \\ -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{x}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} &= 3 \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

similarly for  $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}, \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \Rightarrow$

$$\nabla^2(1/r) = 3 \frac{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{5/2}} - 3 \frac{1}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} = 0.$$

b.  $\nabla^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(1/r) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \nabla^2(1/r) = 0$ ;

similarly for  $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}(1/r), \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y}(1/r)$