

① Avg. distance between Earth and Moon = 384,000 km

$$(a) \quad t = \frac{2d}{c} = \frac{2(384,000 \text{ km})}{3 \times 10^5 \text{ km/s}} = 2.56 \text{ s}$$

(b) An additional 4 cm in the round-trip distance would increase the travel time by

$$t = \frac{0.04 \text{ m}}{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}} = 1.3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ s}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad f = \frac{c}{\lambda} = \frac{2.99792 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}{632.82 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}} = 4.73740 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$$

$$f = \frac{c}{\lambda} \Rightarrow df = -\frac{c}{\lambda^2} d\lambda \Rightarrow \Delta f = \frac{c}{\lambda^2} \Delta \lambda$$

$$\Delta f = \frac{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}{(632.82 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m})^2} (0.01 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}) = 7.5 \times 10^9 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \text{In vacuum: } t_v = \frac{D}{c} \quad D = 1.61 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{In air: } t_a = \frac{D}{v_a} = \frac{D}{c} n_a \quad n_a = 1.00029$$

$$t_a - t_v = \frac{D}{c} (n_a - 1) = \frac{1.61 \text{ km}}{3 \times 10^5 \text{ km/s}} (0.00029)$$

$$= 1.56 \times 10^{-9} \text{ s}$$