

$$\textcircled{1} \text{(a)} \quad \text{Submerged volume} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{4}{3} \pi (9.0 \text{ cm})^3 \right) = 1527 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 1.527 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Buoyant force} = \text{weight of displaced fluid}$$

$$= \rho V g = (0.800 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3) (1.527 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3) (9.8 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}})$$

$$= 11.97 \text{ N} = \text{weight of sphere}$$

$$\text{mass of sphere} = \frac{11.97 \text{ N}}{9.8 \text{ N/kg}} = 1.22 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad \text{Volume of material} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r_1^3 - \frac{4}{3} \pi r_2^3$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \pi \left[ (9.0 \text{ cm})^3 - (8.0 \text{ cm})^3 \right] = 909 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 0.909 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{1.22 \text{ kg}}{0.909 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3} = 1.34 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{(a)} \quad \text{Volume of wood} = \frac{m}{\rho} = \frac{3.67 \text{ kg}}{600 \text{ kg/m}^3} = 6.12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Buoyant force} = \text{wt of block} + \text{wt of lead}$$

$$(100 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3)(0.9)(6.12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3) g = (3.67 \text{ kg} + m_{\text{lead}}) g$$

$$m_{\text{lead}} = 1.84 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad \text{Buoyant force} = \text{wt of block} + \text{wt of lead}$$

$$(100 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3) \left[ (0.9)(6.12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3) + \frac{m_{\text{lead}}}{\rho_{\text{lead}}} \right] g = (3.67 \text{ kg} + m_{\text{lead}}) g$$

$$5.51 + 0.0885 m_{\text{lead}} = 3.67 + m_{\text{lead}}$$

$$m_{\text{lead}} = 2.02 \text{ kg}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \text{ (a)} \quad v_1 A_1 = v_2 A_2$$

$$v_2 = \frac{v_1 A_1}{A_2} = (5.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) \frac{4.0 \text{m}^2}{8.0 \text{m}^2} = 2.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad p_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2 + \rho g y_1 = p_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2 + \rho g y_2$$

$$p_2 = p_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho (v_1^2 - v_2^2) + \rho g (y_1 - y_2)$$

$$= 1.5 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa} + \frac{1}{2} (1.00 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}) \left( (5.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2 - (2.5 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2 \right)$$

$$+ (1.00 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}) (9.8 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}}) (10.0 \text{ m})$$

$$= 2.57 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad p_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2 = p_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2$$

Compared with still air ( $v_2 = 0$ ):  $p_2 - p_1 = \frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1.23 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}) (30.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2$$

$$= 554 \text{ Pa} = F/A$$

$$F = PA = (554 \text{ Pa}) (4.0 \text{ m} \times 5.0 \text{ m}) = 1.11 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$$