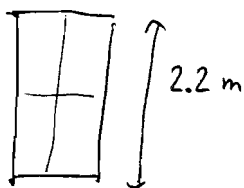


Ch 2 - #32, 33, 35

32



Flowerpot falls a distance of  $0.85 \times 2.2 \text{ m} = 1.87 \text{ m}$   
at 30 frames/s, 6 frames take 0.20 s

$$v_{\text{avg}} = \frac{1.87 \text{ m}}{0.20 \text{ s}} = 9.35 \text{ m/s} = v \text{ at center of window}$$

Suppose pot was dropped from rest. How long had it been falling?

$$v_f = v_i - g(\Delta t) \Rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{-9.35 \text{ m/s}}{9.80 \text{ m/s}^2} = 0.954 \text{ s}$$

What is original height above center of window?

$$y_f = y_i + v_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2}(-g)(\Delta t)^2$$

$$(y_f - y_i) = \frac{1}{2}(-g)(\Delta t)^2 = \frac{1}{2}(-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(0.954 \text{ s})^2 = -4.46 \text{ m}$$

So 4.46 m above center of window.

Assume each floor in the building is  $10' = 3.0 \text{ m}$  high.  
So the pot could have dropped from rest from the floor of  
a balcony on the 6th floor, or else perhaps was  
thrown down by someone on the 5th floor.

33

As the ball is brought to rest from 50 m/s,

$$\Delta p = m \Delta v = (0.057 \text{ kg})(50 \text{ m/s}) = 2.85 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

Assume it slows down at a uniform rate from 50 m/s to 0,  
so  $v_{\text{avg}} = 25 \text{ m/s}$ .

$$v_{\text{avg}} = \frac{\Delta r}{\Delta t} \Rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{\Delta r}{v_{\text{avg}}} = \frac{0.02 \text{ m}}{25 \text{ m/s}} = 0.0008 \text{ s}$$

$$F_{\text{avg}} = \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta t} = \frac{2.85 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{0.0008 \text{ s}} = 3600 \text{ N}$$

35

$$\Delta p = F \Delta t = (\langle 6 \times 10^4, 0, 0 \rangle \text{ N}) (3.4 \text{ s}) = \langle 20.4 \times 10^4, 0, 0 \rangle \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

$$\Delta v = \frac{\Delta p}{m} = \frac{\langle 20.4 \times 10^4, 0, 0 \rangle \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{1.5 \times 10^5 \text{ kg}} = \langle 1.36, 0, 0 \rangle \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = v_i + \Delta v = \langle 0, 20000, 0 \rangle \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} + \langle 1.36, 0, 0 \rangle \text{ m/s} \\ = \langle 1.36, 20000, 0 \rangle \text{ m/s}$$

During burn,  $v_{\text{avg}} = \frac{1}{2}(v_i + v_f) = \langle 0.68, 20000, 0 \rangle \text{ m/s}$

$$\Delta r = v_{\text{avg}} \Delta t = (\langle 0.68, 20000, 0 \rangle \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) (3.4 \text{ s}) = \langle 2.312, 68000, 0 \rangle \text{ m}$$

$$r_f = r_i + \Delta r = \langle 12000, 15000, 0 \rangle \text{ m} + \langle 2.312, 68000, 0 \rangle \text{ m} = \langle 12002.312, 83000, 0 \rangle \text{ m}$$

Now it coasts at  $v_f$  for 3600 s.

$$\Delta r = (\langle 1.36, 20000, 0 \rangle \text{ m/s}) (3600 \text{ s}) = \langle 4896, 720000, 0 \rangle \text{ m}$$

$$r_f = \langle 12002.312, 83000, 0 \rangle \text{ m} + \langle 4896, 720000, 0 \rangle \text{ m} \\ = \langle 16900, 7208300, 0 \rangle \text{ m} = \langle 16.9, 72083, 0 \rangle \text{ km}$$