

Solutions to Practice Problems

① $E_{\text{init}} = K_{\text{init}} + U_{\text{init}} = 0 + \frac{1}{2} k x_{\text{init}}^2 = 0.225 \text{ J}$

$E_{\text{final}} = K_{\text{final}} + U_{\text{final}} = 0 + \frac{1}{2} k x_{\text{final}}^2 = 0.048 \text{ J}$

$W = E_{\text{final}} - E_{\text{init}} = -0.177 \text{ J}$

② $E_i = K_i + U_i = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + mgh = \frac{1}{2} (1520 \text{ kg}) (25 \text{ m/s})^2 + (500 \text{ kg}) (9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) (200 \sin 20^\circ)$
 $= 1.47 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$

$E_f = K_f + U_f = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \frac{1}{2} (1520 \text{ kg}) (17 \text{ m/s})^2 = 0.216 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$

$W = E_f - E_i = -1.26 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$

③ Initial: $K=0$, $U_{\text{grav}}=0$, $U_{\text{spring}}=0$

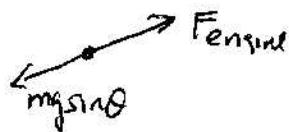
Final: $K=0$, $U_{\text{grav}}=-mgh$, $U_{\text{spring}} = \frac{1}{2} k (h-L)^2$

$E_{\text{init}} = E_{\text{final}} \Rightarrow 0 = -mgh + \frac{1}{2} k (h-L)^2$

$\frac{1}{2} k h^2 - kLh - mgh + \frac{1}{2} k L^2 = 0$

Solve using quadratic formula $\Rightarrow h = 28.8 \text{ m}$

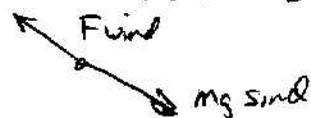
④ (a)



$P = F_{\text{engine}} \cdot v = (mg \sin \theta) (v) = 20 \text{ kW}$

total power = $20 \text{ kW} + 16 \text{ kW} = 36 \text{ kW}$

(b) The effective force of wind resistance is $F = \frac{P}{v} = \frac{16,000 \text{ W}}{15 \text{ m/s}} = 1067 \text{ N}$



$F_{\text{wind}} = mg \sin \theta$ at constant speed.

$\sin \theta = \frac{F_{\text{wind}}}{mg} = 0.064 \Rightarrow \theta = 3.7^\circ$