

# Fractals & Statistical Models by Example II

## Nonlinear Computational Science in Action

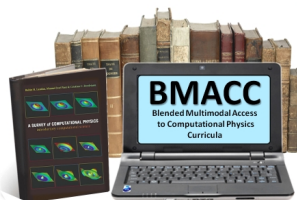
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Based on *A Survey of Computational Physics* by Landau, Páez, & Bordeianu

with Support from the National Science Foundation

Course: **Computational Physics II**



# Break Over, Back to Work

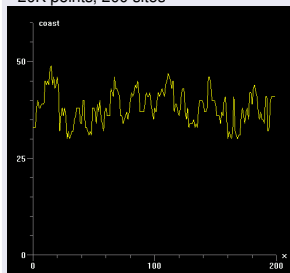
## E.G. 3: Ballistic Deposition of Film



CODE

## Grow Film Particle-by-Particle

20K points, 200 sites



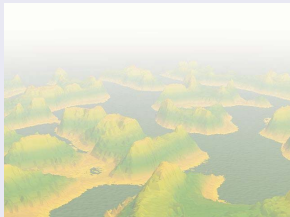
- Hot filament  $\Rightarrow$  random
- Evaporated particles stick
- Line  $L$ , 200 sites
- $0 \leq x_j = r_j \leq L$
- Sticks, grows if  $h >$  neighbors
- Fills in hole  $\Rightarrow$  max neighbors

$$h_r = \begin{cases} h_r + 1, & \text{if } h_r \geq h_{r-1}, h_r > h_{r+1}, \\ \max[h_{r-1}, h_{r+1}], & \text{if } h_r < h_{r-1}, h_r < h_{r+1}. \end{cases}$$

# Length of the British Coastline?



1967 Mandelbrot: "How long is the coast of Britain?"

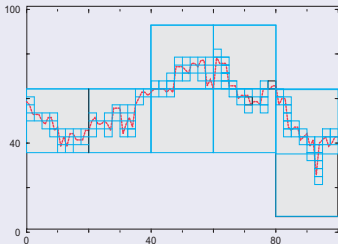


- Colorado, Wyoming = easy
- 2D = finite perimeter
- Coasts = geographic
- Coasts  $\neq$  geometric
- Appear self similar
- Mandelbrot = fractal

- $\Rightarrow$  Length = perimeter
- **Problem:**  $d_f = ?$
- Length self similar = ?
- Map maker: ruler  $r$
- $\Rightarrow L_r \simeq Nr$
- Geometric:  $L_r \rightarrow L$
- Nature:  $L(r) = Mr^{1-d_f}$
- $d_f > 1$ ,  $L \rightarrow_{r \rightarrow 0} \infty$
- Finite size,  $\infty$  perimeter
- **Math  $\neq$  physics: quantum, Compton sizes**

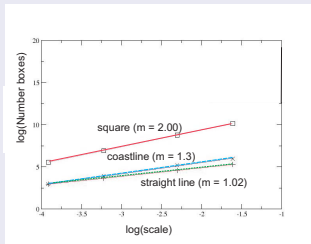
# Box Counting Algorithm

Cover Perimeter  $L$  with **boxes** Length  $r \rightarrow 0$  (Area, Volume)



$$N(r) = C \left( \frac{1}{r} \right)^{d_f} = C' s^{d_f} \quad (1)$$

$$s \propto \frac{1}{r} = \text{scale} \quad (2)$$



$$\log N(r) = \log C - d_f \log r \quad (3)$$

$$\Rightarrow d_f = - \lim_{r \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta N(r)}{\Delta r} \quad (4)$$

# Get to Work!

Do this yourself please.