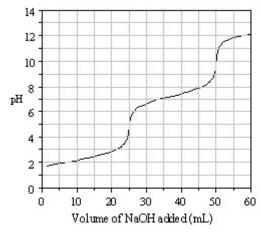
1. Calculate the solubility of silver(I) oxalate  $(Ag_2(C_2O_4))$ ,  $Ksp = 5.40 \times 10^{-12}$  a) in pure water and b) in 0.010 M  $AgNO_3$ .

2. The graph below shows the titration of 20.00 mL of a weak acid, H<sub>2</sub>A, with 0.09950 M NaOH.



a) What is the molarity of the H<sub>2</sub>A solution?

b) What are  $K_{a1}$  and  $K_{a2}$  for  $H_2A$ ?

3. Calculate the pH when 24.9 mL of  $0.100~M~HNO_3$  has been added to 25.0 mL of a 0.100~M~KOH solution.

4.	What are the geometries most commonly associated with (a) coordination number 4, (b) coordination number 6?
5.	For each of the following polydentate ligands, determine (i) the maximum number of coordination sites that the ligand can occupy on a single metal ion and (ii) the number and type of donor atoms in the ligand: (a) ethylenediamine (en), (b) thiocyanate ion, (c) the oxalate anion $(C_2O_4^{2-})$ , (d) $[EDTA]^{4-}$
6.	As shown in Figure 24.26 of the course textbook, the <i>d-d</i> transitions of $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3^+}$ produces an absorption maximum at a wavelength of 500 nm. (a) What is the magnitude of $\Delta$ for $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3^+}$ in kJ? (b) What is the spectrochemical series? How would the magnitude of $\Delta$ change if the $H_2O$ ligands in $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3^+}$ were replaced with $NH_3$ ligands?
7.	Draw the crystal-field energy-level diagrams and show the placement of electrons for the following complexes: (a) $[Mn(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ (high spin), (b) $[IrCl_6]^{2-}$ (low spin).